

Accelerated Math I
The Great Quadratic
CFA for Test 6

Name _____

Date ____/____/____ Block ____

Graphing Quadratic Equations

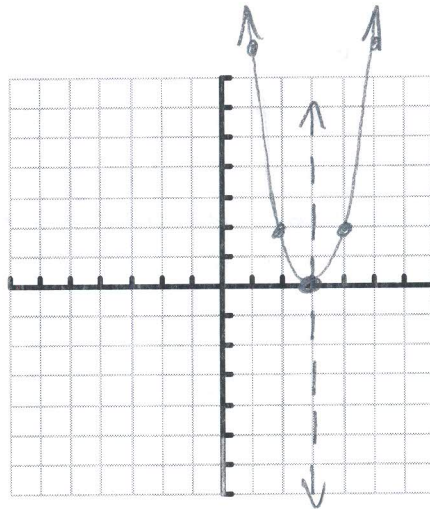
1. $f(x) = 2x^2 - 12x + 18$

x-Intercept(s): (3,0) _____

Vertex: (3,0)

Axis of Symmetry: $x=3$

y-intercept: (0,18)



(2 each)

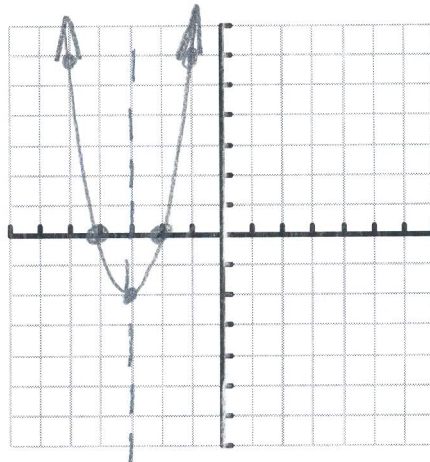
2. $g(x) = 2(x+2)(x+4)$

x-Intercept(s): (-2,0) (-4,0)

Vertex: (-3,-2)

Axis of Symmetry: $x=-3$

y-intercept: (0,16)



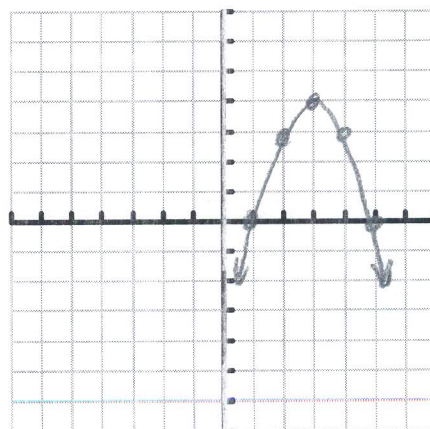
3. $h(x) = -(x-3)^2 + 4$

x-Intercept(s): (1,0) (5,0)

Vertex: (3,4)

Axis of Symmetry: $x=3$

y-intercept: (0,-5)



Converting Quadratic Equations

(3 each)

4. Convert the following equations to standard form.

a. $y = 2(x+5)^2 - 23$

$$= 2(x^2 + 10x + 25) - 23$$

$$= 2x^2 + 20x + 50 - 23$$

$$y = 2x^2 + 20x + 27$$

b. $y = 3(2x-3)(x-1)$

$$= 3(2x^2 - 5x + 3)$$

$$y = 6x^2 - 15x + 9$$

5. Convert the following equations to vertex form.

a. $y = 4x^2 - 8x + 15$

$$= 4(x^2 - 2x + 1) + 15 - 4$$

$$y = 4(x-1)^2 + 11$$

b. $y = (x+3)(x-9)$

$$= x^2 - 6x - 27$$

$$= (x^2 - 6x + 9) - 27 - 9$$

$$y = (x-3)^2 - 36$$

6. Convert the following equations to intercept form.

a. $y = x^2 + 3x - 18$

$$y = (x+6)(x-3)$$

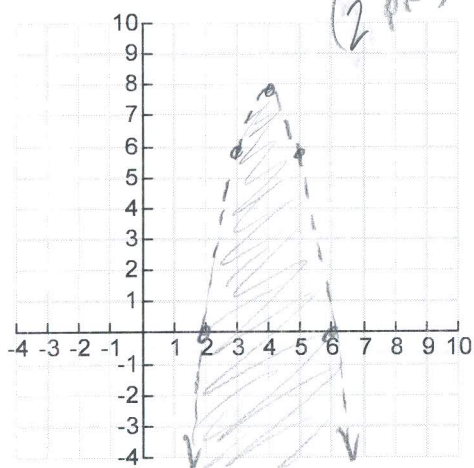
b. $y = 4x^2 + 5x - 6$

$$y = (4x-3)(x+2)$$

Quadratic Inequalities

7. Graph $y < -2(x-4)^2 + 8$

(2 pts)



8. Solve the following quadratic inequality algebraically

$$x^2 - x - 6 > 0$$

$$(x-3)(x+2) = 0$$

$$x = 3 \quad x = -2$$

$$x < -2 \text{ or } x > 3$$



9. Solve the following quadratic inequality algebraically

$$3x^2 - 4x \leq 0$$

$$x(3x-4) = 0$$

$$x = 0 \quad x = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$0 \leq x \leq \frac{4}{3}$$

